Holy Cross College (Autonomous), Nagercoil - 629004

Kanyakumari District, Tamil Nadu.

Nationally Accredited with A^+ by NAAC IV cycle – CGPA 3.35

Affiliated to

Manonmaniam Sundaranar University, Tirunelveli



DEPARTMENT OF MATHEMATICS



TEACHING PLAN (PG) EVEN SEMESTER 2024-2025

Vision

To empower women globally competent with human values and ethics acquiring academic and entrepreneurship skills through holistic education.

Mission

- 1. To create opportunities which will ensure academic excellence in critical thinking, humanistic and scientific inquiry.
- 2. To develop application-oriented courses with the necessary input of values.
- 3. To create a possible environment for innovation, team spirit and entrepreneurial leadership.
- 4. To form young women of competence, commitment and compassion.

PROGRAMME EDUCATIONAL OBJECTIVES (PEOs)

PEOs	Upon completion of M. Sc. Degree Programme, the graduates will be able to:	Mapping with
		Mission
PEO1	apply scientific and computational technology to solve social and ecological issues and pursue research.	M1, M2
PEO2	continue to learn and advance their career in industry both in private and public sectors.	M4 & M5
PEO3	develop leadership, teamwork, and professional abilities to become a more cultured and civilized person and to tackle the challenges in serving the country.	M2, M5 & M6

PROGRAMME OUTCOMES (POs)

POs	Upon completion of M.Sc. Degree Programme, the graduates	Mapping with
	will be able to:	PEOs
PO1	apply their knowledge, analyze complex problems, think	PEO1 & PEO2
	independently, formulate and perform quality research.	
PO2	carry out internship programmes and research projects to develop	PEO1, PEO2 &
	scientific and innovative ideas through effective communication.	PEO3
PO3	develop a multidisciplinary perspective and contribute to the	PEO2
	knowledge capital of the globe.	
PO4	develop innovative initiatives to sustain eco friendly environment	PEO1, PEO2
PO5	through active career, team work and using managerial skills guide	PEO2
	people to the right destination in a smooth and efficient way.	
PO6	employ appropriate analysis tools and ICT in a range of learning	PEO1, PEO2 &
	scenarios, demonstrating the capacity to find, assess, and apply	PEO3
	relevant information sources.	
PO7	learn independently for lifelong executing professional, social	PEO3
	and ethical responsibilities leading to sustainable development.	

PROGRAMMESPECIFICOUTCOMES(PSOs)

PSO	Upon completion of M.Sc. Degree Programme, the graduates of Mathematics will be able to:	PO Addressed								
	acquire good knowledge and understanding, to solve specific theoretical	PO1 & PO2								
PSO-1	& applied problems in different area of mathematics & statistics									
	understand, formulate, develop mathematical arguments, logically and									
PSO-2	use quantitative models to address issues arising in social sciences,	PO3 & PO5								
	business and other context /fields.									
	prepare the students who will demonstrate respectful engagement with									
PSO-3	other's ideas, behaviors, beliefs and apply diverse frames of references to	PO6								
	decisions and actions									
	pursue scientific research and develop new findings with global	PO4 & PO7								
PSO-4	impact using latest technologies.									
	possess leadership, teamwork and professional skills, enabling them to									
PSO-5	become cultured and civilized individuals capable of effectively overcoming challenges in both private and public sectors	PO5 & PO7								

Department	: Mathematics						
Class	: I M.Sc						
Semester	: II						
Name of the Course	: Advanced Algebra						
Course Code	: MP232CC1						

Course Code	L	Т	Р	S	Credits	Inst. Hours	Total Hours	Marks		
							i ourb	CIA	External	Total
MP232CC1	5	1	-	-	5	6	90	25	75	100

Learning Objectives

1. To study field extension, roots of polynomials, Galois Theory, finite fields, division rings, solvability by radicals

2. To develop computational skill in abstract algebra.

Course Outcomes

On the	successful completion of the course, students will be able to:	
1.	Exhibit a foundational understanding of essential concepts, including field extensions, roots of polynomials, Galois Theory, and finite extensions	K1
2.	Demonstrate knowledge and understanding of the fundamental concepts including extension fields, Galois Theory, Automorphisms and Finite fields	K2
3.	Compose clear and accurate proofs using the concepts of Field extension, Galois Theory and Finite field	K3
4.	Examine the relationships between different types of field extensions and their implications by applying algebraic reasoning	K4
5.	Evaluate the validity of statements and theorems in field theory by providing proofs or counterexamples	К5
6.	Develop novel results or theorems in field theory, potentially by exploring extensions of existing theories	K6

Ilm:4	Madula	Tonio	Teaching	Cognitive	Dedegegy	Assessment/			
Umt	Module	Торіс	Hours	level	reuagogy	Evaluation			
Ι			Extension	Extension Fields					
	1.	Extension Fields, dimension, subfield- Introduction and definition	2	K1 & K2	Brainstorming	MCQ			
	2.	Theorems based on extension fields	3	K3	Chalk and Talk	Slip Test using Socrative			
	3.	Definition and Theorems on algebraic over a field F	3	K1 & K3	Analytic Method	Questioning			
	4.	Theorems on algebraic extension	3	K5	Lecture with Illustration	Questioning			
	5.	Interpretation of Extension fields such as finite extension, algebraic extension	1	K4	Collaborative learning	Concept explanations			
	6.	Transcendence of e	3	K2, K3 & K5	Blended classroom	Evaluation through poll			
Π		R	Roots of Polynomials						
	1.	Definition- roots of polynomials, multiplicity of roots	1	K1	Brainstorming	True/False			
	2.	Remainder theorem	1	K3	Flipped Classroom	Short summary of the theorem			
	3.	Theorems based on roots of polynomials	2	K2 & K3	Lecture Discussion	Concept definitions			
	4.	Existence theorem of splitting fields	2	K3 & K4	Group Discussion	Recall steps			

Total contact hours: 90 (Including instruction hours, assignments and tests)

	5.	Theorems based on	2	K3	Lecture with	Questioning			
		isomorphism of fields			Illustration				
	6.	Theorems based on splitting field of polynomials	2	K3	Blended classroom	MCQ			
	7.	Uniqueness theorem of splitting fields	2	K4 & K5	Peer Instruction	Slip Test using Quizziz			
	8.	Definition- derivative of polynomials, Simple extension	1	K2 & K3	Flipped Classroom	Quiz			
	9.	Theorems on simple extension	2	K5& K6	Integrative method	Evaluation through short test			
III			Galois Theory						
	1.	Definition -Fixed Field, Group of automorphism	1	K1 & K2	Brainstorming	Quiz			
	2.	Theorems on Fixed Field	2	К3	Lecture	Concept Explanation			
	3.	Theorems on Group of Automorphism	3	K4	Lecture Discussion	Slip Test			
	4.	Theorems on Normal Extension	2	К5	Lecture	Questioning			
	5.	Theorems on Galois Group	3	K6	Collaborative learning	Questioning			
	6.	Construct theorems on Normal Extension and Galois Group	4	K6	Poster Presentation	Simple Questions			
IV			Finite Fie	elds					
	1.	Definition -Finite Fields, Characteristic of F with examples	3	K1 & K2	Brainstorming	Quiz			

	2. 3. 4.	Theorems based on Finite Fields and Characteristic of F Finite field and Cyclic group Wedderburn's Theorem on finite division ring	4 4 4	K3 & K4 K4 & K5 K4 & K5	Flipped Classroom Analytic Method Integrative method	Differentiate between various ideas Simple Questions Concept Explain
V		So	olvability by	Radicals		Zapian
	1.	Solvability by radicals - Introduction	1	K1 & K2	Seminar Presentation	MCQ
	2.	Solvable and Commutator group	1	K4	Seminar Presentation	Concept explanations
	3.	Lemma and Theorem based on solvable by radicals	1	K4 & K5	Seminar Presentation	Questioning
	4.	General polynomial definition and theorem	2	K2 & K3	Seminar Presentation	Slip Test
	5.	Definitions -algebraic over F and Frobenius theorem	4	K2 & K5	Seminar Presentation	Simple Questions
	6.	Internal quaternions and Lagrange identity	2	K4	Seminar Presentation	Evaluation through short test
	7.	Left-Division algorithm	3	K6	Seminar Presentation	Simple Questions
	8.	Four-Square Theorem	3	K6	Seminar Presentation	Simple Questions

Course Focussing on Employability/ Entrepreneurship/ Skill Development: Employability

Activities (Em/ En/SD): Poster Presentation, Develop Theorems on Extension Fields

Course Focussing on Cross Cutting Issues (Professional Ethics/ Human Values/Environment Sustainability/ Gender Equity): -

Activities related to Cross Cutting Issues: -

Assignment: Make an interactive PPT (Any topic from the syllabus)

Seminar Topic: Unit V

Sample questions

Part A

- 2. Complete: Any polynomial of degree n over a field can have ----- roots in any extension field.

a) exactly n b) at least n c) at most n d) exactly n+1

- 3. What is the Galois group of $x^3 3x 3$ over Q?
- 4. Say True or False: $\Phi_3(x) = x^2 + x + 1$ is a cyclotomic polynomial
- 5. Say True or False: The adjoint in Q satisfies $x^{**} = x$

Part B

- 1. Prove that F(a) is the smallest subfield of K containing both F and a
- 2. State and prove Remainder theorem
- 3. If K is a finite Extension of F ,then G(K,F) is a finite group then prove that $o(G(K,F)) \le [K:F]$
- 4. Analyse: For every prime number p and every positive integer m there is a unique field having p^m elements
- 5. State and prove Lagrange Identity.

Part C

- 1. Prove that the element $a \in K$ is algebraic over F if and only if F(a) is a finite extension of F
- 2. Justify: A polynomial of degree n over a field can have at most n roots in any extension field
- 3. State and prove fundamental theorem of Galois theory
- 4. Prove that, the multiplicative group of nonzero elements of a finite field is cyclic.
- 5. Justify: Every positive integer can be expressed as the sum of squares of four integers.

Head of the Department

Dr. T. Sheeba Helen

Course Instructor

Dr. S.Sujitha

Department	: Mathematics
Class	: I M.Sc
Semester	: 11
Name of the Course	: Core Course V: Real Analysis – II

Course Code : MP242CC2

Course Code	L	Т	Р	P S	Credits	Inst. To Hours Ho	Total Hours	Marks		
							nours	CIA	External	Total
MP242CC2	5	1	-	-	5	6	90	25	75	100

Learning Objectives

- 1. To introduce measure on the real line, Lebesgue measurability and integrability, Fourier Series and Integrals.
- 2. To get the in-depth study in multivariable calculus.

Course Outcomes

On the s	uccessful completion of the course, students will be able to:	
1.	recall the basic concepts of measurable sets, measurable function, integration of functions, Fourier series on real line and multivariable differential calculus, implicit functions and extremum problems.	K1
2.	describe the elementary facts of Lebesgue measure, Lebesgue integral, Fourier series and multivariable differential calculus; understand the implicit functions and extremun problems.	K2
3.	determine the measurable sets, measurable functions, the matrix representation and Jacobian determinant of functions.	К3
4.	analyze the properties of measurable functions, Riemann and Lebesgue integrals, convergence of Fourier series and extrema of real valued functions.	K4
5.	test measurable sets and measurable functions.	K5

T T •4			Teaching	Cognitive		Assessment/
Unit	Module	Горіс	Hours	level	Pedagogy	Evaluation
Ι			Lebesgue	Measure	1	I
	1.	Introduction Outer Measure	3	K1	Brain storming	Questioning
	2.	Measurable sets and Lebesgue measure	4	K2 & K5	Context based	Quiz through Quizziz
	3.	A non measurable set	2	К3	Interactive Teaching	Student Presentation
	4.	Measurable Functions	4	K2 &K5	Lecture with Illustration	Oral Test
	5.	Littlewood's three principles	2	K2	Collaborative learning	Concept explanations
II			The Lebesg	gue Integral		
	1.	The Riemann Integral	5	K1 & K2	Brainstorming	Quiz through Slido
	2.	The Lebesgue integral of a bounded function over a set of finite measure	5	К3	Flipped Classroom and Seminar Presentation	Home Work
	3.	The integral of a nonnegative function	3	K2	Blended Learning	Assignment
	4.	The general Lebesgue integral	2	К4	Lecture & Seminar presentation	Oral presentation

Total contact hours: 90 (Including instruction hours, assignments and tests)

III	Fourier Series and Fourier Integrals									
	1.	Orthogonal system of functions - The theorem on best approximation	3	K1 & K2	Brainstorming	Quiz through Socrative				
	2.	The Fourier series of a function relative to an orthonormal system - Properties of Fourier Coefficients	2	K4	Lecture	Questioning				
	3.	The Riesz-Fischer Thorem - The convergence and representation problems for trigonometric series - The Riemann - Lebesgue Lemma	4	К3	Content Based	Concept Explanation				
	4. The Dirichlet Integrals - An integral representation for the partial sums of Fourier series		4	K4	Flipped Class Room & Seminar Presentation	Slip Test				
	5.	5. Riemann's localization theorem - Sufficient conditions for convergence of a Fourier series at a particular point		K4	Lecture	Home Work				
	6.	Cesaro summability of Fourier series- Consequences of Fejes's theorem - The Weierstrass approximation theorem	3	K4	Collaborative learning	Recall Concepts				
IV		Multivariable	Differential	Calculus						
	1.	The Directional derivative - Directional derivative and continuity	4	K1 & K2	Brainstorming	Quiz through Quizziz				

	2.	The total derivative - The	4	K2 & K3	Flipped	Differentiate
		total derivative expressed in			Classroom	between
		terms of partial derivatives-				various ideas
	3.	The matrix of linear	2	K3	Illustrative	Simple
		function - The Jacobian matrix			Method	Questions
	4.	The chain rule - Matrix form	3	K2 & K3	Lecture	Concept
		of chain rule			Method	Explain
	5.	The mean - value theorem	3	K4	Content	Home
		for differentiable functions			Based	Work
		- A sufficient condition for				
		differentiability				
	6.	A sufficient condition for	2	K4	Lecture	Slip
		equality of mixed partial			Method	Test
		derivatives				
	7.	Taylor's theorem for functions	2	T7 4	Content	Short
		of \mathbb{R}^n to \mathbb{R}^1		K4	Based	Answer
						Test
V		Implicit Functions and I	Extremum I	Problems		
	1.	Functions with non-zero	4	K2 & K3	Content Based	Questioning
		Jacobian determinants				
	2.	The inverse function	3	K3	Analytic Method	Concept
		theorem				explanations
	3.	The Implicit function	3	K3	Lecture Method	Questioning
		theorem-				
	Δ	Extrema of real valued	5	K2 & K4	Content Based	Home Work
	- T •	Easting of four values	5	112 00 117	and Seminar	Home WOIK
		runctions of severable			Presentation	
		variables				
	4.	Extremum problems with side	5	K4	Lecture Method	Slip Test
	4.	Extremum problems with side conditions.	5	K4	Lecture Method	Slip Test
	4.	Extremum problems with side conditions.	5	K4	Lecture Method	Slip Test

Course Focussing on Employability/ Entrepreneurship/ Skill Development: Employability

Activities (Em/ En/SD): Poster Presentation and Video Making

Course Focussing on Cross Cutting Issues (Professional Ethics/ Human Values/Environment Sustainability/ Gender Equity): -

Activities related to Cross Cutting Issues: -

Assignment: Make an interactive PPT using AI (Any topic from the syllabus) Seminar Topic: Problems in the Exercises

Sample Questions

Part A

- Which of the following is not measurable set

 (a) Interval
 (b) Borel set
 (c) subset of a measurable set
- 2. Dirichlet's function on [a,b] is
- 3. A function is said to be periodic with period $p \neq 0$ if
- 4. The directional derivative of f at c in the direction u is $\ldots \ldots$
- 5. Let B = B(a, r) be an *n*-ball in \mathbb{R}^n . Then $\partial B = \dots$

Part B

- 1. Prove that the union of a countable collection of measurable sets is measurable.
- 2. Let f be a bounded measurable function on a set of finite measure E. Then f is integrable over E.
- 3. Assume that g(0+) exists and suppose that for some $\delta > 0$ the Lebesgue integral $\int_0^{\delta} \frac{g(t) g(0+)}{t} dt$ exists. Prove that $\lim_{n \to \infty} \frac{2}{\pi} \int_0^{\delta} g(t) \frac{\sin \alpha t}{t} dt = g(0+)$.
- 4. Let f = u + iv. Show that Cauchy-Riemann equations along with differentiability of u and v, imply that f'(c).
- 5. Let f be a real valued function with continuous second –order partial derivatives at a stationary point a in \mathbb{R}^2 . Let $A = D_{1,1}f(a)$, $B = D_{1,2}f(a)$, $C = D_{2,2}f(a)$ and let $\Delta = det \begin{bmatrix} A & B \\ B & C \end{bmatrix} = AC B'$.

Then prove that a) If $\Delta > 0$ and A > 0, f has a relative minimum at a.

- b) If $\Delta > 0$ and A < 0, f has a relative maximum at a.
- c) If $\Delta < 0$, **f** has a saddle point at **a**.

Part C

- 1. Prove that the outer measure of an integral is its length.
- 2. State and prove Monotone convergence theorem.
- 3. State and Prove Riesz-Fischer theorem.
- 4. State and prove mean-valued theorem for vector-valued functions.
- 5. Assume $f = (f_1, f_2, ..., f_n) \in C'$ on an open set in \mathbb{R}^n , and let T = f(S). If the Jacobian determinant $J_r(a) \neq 0$ for some point a in S, then prove that there are two open sets $X \subseteq S$ and $Y \subseteq T$ and a uniquely determined function g such that
 - a) $a \in X$ and $f(x) \in Y$,
 - b) Y = f(X),
 - c) f is one-to-one on X,
 - d) g is defined on Y, g(Y) = X and g(f(x)) = x for every x in X,
 - e) $g \in C'$ on Y.

Head of the Department Dr. T. Sheeba Helen Course Instructor Dr. M. K. Angel Jebitha

Teaching Plan

6

90

25

75

100

D)epartment		:	Ma	the	matics					
C	Class		:	I M. Sc Mathematics							
T	itle of the Cou	rse	:	Par	tial	Differen	tial Equation				
S	emester		:	Π			-				
C	Course Code		:	MP	232	CC3					
ſ	Course Code	т	т	р	G	Credita	Inst Hound	Total		Marks	
	Course Code	L	I	r	3	Creans	mst. Hours	Hours	CIA	External	Total

Objectives

MP232CC3

1.To formulate and solve different forms of partial differential equations.

4

2. Solve the related application-oriented problems.

- -

5 1

Course Outcomes

On the su	ccessful completion of the course, students will	PSO	Cognitive
be able to	:	Addressed	Level
1.	recall the definitions of complete integral, particular integral, and singular integrals.	PSO-2	R
2.	learn some methods to solve the problems of non- linear first-order partial differential equations. homogeneous and non-homogeneous linear partial differential equations with constant coefficients and solve related problems.	PSO-1	U
3.	analyze the classification of partial differential equations in three independent variables – Cauchy's problem for a second-order partial differential equation.	PSO-3	An
4.	solve the boundary value problem for the heat equations and the wave equation.	PSO-4	Ар
5.	apply the concepts and methods in physical processes like heat transfer and electrostatics.	PSO-5	Ap

Unit	Module	e Topic	Teaching Hours	Cognitive level	Pedagogy	Assessment/ Evaluation
Ι		Non -linear par	tial differen	tial equation	s of first order	
	1.	Introduction	1	К3	Brainstorming	Questioning
	2.	Explanation of terms, compactible system of first order equations	4	K3	Heuristic Method	Recall Steps
	3.	Examples related to compactible system	3	К3	Blended Learning	Slip Test
	4.	Explaining Charpit's Method	3	K4	РРТ	True or False
	5.	Example Problems related to charpit's method	2	К3	Interactive Method	Peer Discussion with questions
	6.	Solving problems using charpit's method	3	К3	Inductive Learning	Short Summary
П		Homogeneous linear part	tial different	ial equation	with constant coe	fficient
	7.	Homogeneous and non- homogeneous linear equation with constant coefficient	1	K2	Blended Learning	Questioning
	8.	Solution of finding homogeneous equation with constant coefficient, Theorem I, II	2	K2	Blended Learning	Proof Narrating
	9.	Method of finding complementary function	2	К3	Flipped Classroom	Short Answer
	10.	Working rule for finding complementary function, Alternative working rule	2	К3	Heuristic Method	MCQ

Total contact hours: 90 (Including instruction hours, assignments and tests)

		for finding complementary					
		function					
	11	Examples for finding	3	К3	Analytic	Recall Steps	
	11.	Complementary function		110	Method	Recail Steps	
		General method and	2				
		working rule for finding					
	12.	the particular integral of		K3	PPT	Relay Race	
		homogeneous equation and					
		some example					
	12	Examples to find the	3	V2	Proinctorming	Match the	
	15.	particular integral		K.J	Drainstorning	following	
ш		Non – homogeneous linear p	artial differe	ential equation	ons with constant	coefficient	
		Definition, Reducible and	3				
	14.	irreducible linear		K3	Brainstorming	Questioning	
		differential operators					
		Reducible and irreducible	2				
	15	linear partial differential		W2	Interactive		
	15.	equations with constant		K)	Method	Sup Test	
		coefficient				Slip Test	
	10	Determination of	2	W0	PPT using	Trace on False	
	10.	complementary function		K2	Microsoft 365	True of Faise	
		General solution and	2				
	17	particular integral of non-		КЭ	Heuristic	Peer Discussion	
	17.	homogeneous equation and		K2	Method	with questions	
		some examples of type 1					
		Examples of type 2	2		Plandad	Creating Quiz	
	18.			K2	Learning	with Group	
					Learning	Discussion	
	10	Problems related to type 3	2	V 5	Blended		
	17.			KJ	Learning	Nelay Nale	
	20	Examples related to type 4,	2	кэ	Inductive	Questioning	
	20.	Miscellaneous examples		112	Learning	Questioning	

		for the determination of				
		particular integral				
IV	Classif	ication of Partial Differentia	l equations o	of second or	der	1
	21.	classification of Partial Differential equations of	1	K1	Analytic Method	Quiz
	22.	Classification of P.D.E. in three independent variables	2	K2	Heuristic Method	MCQ – Slido
	23.	Cauchy's problem for a second order P.D.E.	3	К3	Flipped Classroom	Slip Test
	24.	Characteristic equation of the second order P.D.E	3	K4	Video using Zoom	Questioning
	25.	Characteristic curves of the second order P.D.E	1	K5	Analytic Method	Slip Test
	27.	Laplace transformation.	2	K4	Heuristic Method	True or False
	28.	Reduction to Canonical (or normal) forms.	3	K5	Flipped Classroom	Presentation
V		Ι	Boundary Va	lue Problem	1	1
	29.	A Boundary value problem, Solution by Separation of variables, Solution of one- dimensional wave equation	2	K3	Brainstorming	Questioning
	30.	D'Alembert's solution, Solution of two- dimensional wave equation	2	K3	Interactive Method	Slip Test
	31.	Vibration of a circular membrane, Examples related to vibration of a circular membrane	3	K4	РРТ	True or False

	Solution of one	2			
	dimensional heat equation,			Houristia	Deer Discussion
32.	Problems related to		K4	Heuristic	Peer Discussion
	solution of one			Method	with questions
	dimensional heat equation				
	Solution of two	3		Blended	Group
33.	dimensional Laplace's		K4	Dicilaca	Oloup
	equation			Learning	Discussion
24	Solution of two	3	K2	Analytic	MCO
54.	dimensional heat equation		K3	Method	MCQ

Sample questions

Part A

1. The system of two given PDE is compatible possess ------

(a) no solution (b) Two solution (c) Infinitely many solutions (d) Unique solution

2. If $u_1, u_2, ..., u_n$ are solution of the homogeneous linear PDE F(D, D') z = 0 then ------is also a solution, where $C_1, C_2, ..., C_n$ are arbitrary constants.

3. What is the complementary function of the partial differential equation $(D^2 - D'^2 + D - D')$

z =0 is -----.

4. Classify the PDE 2r + 4s + 3t - 2 = 0.

5. What is the D'Alembert's solution for wave equation.

Part-B

- 1. Show that the equations xp = yq and z(xp + yq) = 2xyare compatible and solve them.
- 2. Solve (D D') (D +D') $z = (y+1)e^x$.
- 3. Solve $(D^2 DD' 2D'^2 + 2D + 2D')z = \sin(2x + y)$.
- 4. Explain the classification of a PDE in three independent variables.
- 5. Find the General solution of one –dimensional wave equation $\frac{\partial^2 y}{\partial x^2} = \frac{1}{c^2} \left(\frac{\partial^2 y}{\partial t^2} \right).$

Part-C

1. Find a complete integral of $(p^2 + q^2)^n (q x - p y) = 1$.

2. Solve $r + 2s + t = 2 \cos y - x \sin y$.

3. Solve $(D+D')(D+D'-2)z = \sin (x+2y)$.

4. Reduce the equation yr + (x + y) s + xt = 0 to canonical form and hence find its general solution.

5. A thin rectangular plane whose surface is impervious to heat flow has at t =0 an arbitrary distribution of temperature f(x,y). Its four edges x =0, x= a, y=0, y=b is kept at zero temperature. Determine the temperature at a point of the plate as t increases.

Teaching Plan

Department	: Mathematics
------------	---------------

Class : I M. Sc.

Title of the Course: Statistical Data Analysis using R Programming

Semester : II

Course Code : MP232EC2

Course	L	Т	Р	S	Credits	Inst.	Total		Marks	
Code						Hours	Hours	CIA	External	Total
MP232EC2	4	-	-	-	3	4	60	25	75	100

Pre-requisite:

Students should know the basic skills of computer.

Learning Objectives:

- 1. The basics of statistical computing and data analysis
- 2. How to use R for analytical programming

Course Outcomes

On the	On the success completion of the course, students will be able to:								
1	recall R and its development history	K1							
2	demonstrate how to import export data with R	K2 & K4							
3	explain discrete distributions	K3							
4	apply various concepts to write programs in R	K3 & K5							
5	apply estimation concepts in R programming	K2 & K3							

Total Contact hours: 60 (Including lectures, assignments and tests)

Unit	Module	Торіс	Teaching hours	Cognitive level	Pedagogy	Assessment/ Evaluation
Ι	Statistic	al Software R				
	1.	R and its	3	K1	Interactive	MCQ
		development			Method	
		history				
	2.	Structure of R	3	K2	PPT using	Slip Test
					Gamma	
	3.	Installation of R	3	K4	Demonstration	Installation
						of R
II	Descript	tive Statistics				
	4.	Basics of	3	K2	Inquiry based	Questioning
		Descriptive			learning	
		Statistics and				
		Examples				

	5.	Excurses: Data Import and Export	3	K3	Blended Learning	Concept Explain
		with R			0	1
	6.	Import of Intensive	3	K3	Hands on	Code Race
		Care Unit-Dataset			training	
III	Colours	and Diagrams				
	7.	Proper knowledge	3	K2	Interactive	Q & A
		of using colours			Method	
	8.	Excursus: Export of	3	K5	Flipped	Create a
		Diagrams			Classroom	short video
	9.	An overview on	3	K4	Brainstorming	Quiz -
		Diagrams				Kahoot
IV	Probabi	lity Distributions				
	10.	Introduction to	2	K2	Video using	Class Test
		Probability			OBS Studio	
		Distributions				
	11.	Discrete	4	K4	Spiral	R code
		Distributions			Learning	construction
	12.	Continuous	3	K4	Problem based	Assignment
		Distributions			learning	
V	Estimat	ion		1	T	1
	13.	Introduction to	2	K2	Scaffolded	Presentation
		Estimation			learning	
	14.	Point Estimation in	4	K3	Active	Quiz -
		detail			learning with	Quizizz
					pair	
					programming	
	15.	Point Estimation	3	K3	Visualisation	Short Test
		continued			and simulation	

Course Focussing on Employability and Skill Development

Activities (SD): Create coding for simple problems using R, Presentation depicting a real-life example, Group Discussion, SLO's

Course Focussing on Cross Cutting Issues: -

Assignment: Development of R programme and post in google classroom.

Sample questions

Part A

- 1. R is a _____ based language.
- 2. Give the other name of population.
 - a) sample b) universe c) explosion
- 3. True or False: The colour need not work everywhere.

- 4. True or False: The values of a random variable are called realisations.
- 5. Statistics is not able to ______ answer a question.

Part B

- 1. List the steps to install R programming language.
- 2. Enumerate the steps to import dataset.
- 3. Explain Colours.
- 4. Discuss different types of continuous distributions.
- 5. Write a note on estimation.

Part C

- 1. Explain in detail R and its development history.
- 2. Give few functions and their descriptions.
- 3. Depict various types of diagrams.
- 4. Introduce probability distributions and discuss different types of discrete distributions in detail.
- 5. What is your understanding of point estimation and how it is applied.

Head of the Department Dr. T. Sheeba Helen Course Instructor Sr. S. Antin Mary

Teaching Plan

Department	:	Mathematics
Class	:	I M. Sc Mathematics
Title of the Course	:	Mathematical Python
Semester	:	II
Course Code	:	MP232EC5

	т	T	D		T	Total		Marks	
Course Code	L	1	P	Credits	Inst. Hours	Hours	CIA	External	Total
MP232EC5	3	-	1	3	4	60	25	75	100

Pre-requisite:

Г

Students should know basic skills of computer

Learning Objectives:

- 1. To familiarize the students with Python programing for Mathematics.
- 2. To train them to develop programs and create functions for Mathematics in Python.

Course outcomes

-

On the successful completion of the course, student will be able to:								
1	acquire knowledge on Python and learn to run the program.	K1						
2	understand and discuss about different data types and flow control statements.	K2 & K4						
3	write programs in python using Lists Tuples, Sets and Dictionaries.	К3						
4	understand For and While loops and conditional statements.	K3 & K5						
5	creates Functions and Arrays in Python.	K2 & K3						

Teaching plan

Total Contact hours: 60 (Including lectures, assignments and tests)

Unit	Module	Торіс	Teaching Hours	Cognitive level	Pedagogy	Assessment/ Evaluation				
Ι	Python Getting started									
	1.	Introduction and Installing Python	1	K2	Demonstration	Installation of Python				
	2.	Different Tabs in Jupiter Notebook	4	K2	Project based Learning	Short quiz on different tabs and Jupiter notebook submissions				
	3.	Starting a New Notebook	3	K2	Blended Learning	Slip Test				
	4.	Magics and Markdown	1	K2	Interactive Method	MCQ				
Π	Program	mming Python								
	5.	Python Data Types – Numbers, Booleans	3	K3 & K6	PPT using Gamma	Code Race				
	6.	Python Data Types – Strings, Formatting Strings	3	K3 & K6	Inquiry-based Learning	Create a code for mathematical problems				
	7.	Python Data Types – Type Conversions, Variable Names	3	K3 & K6	Brainstorming	Questioning				
	8.	Containers - Lists and Tuples	3	K3 & K6	Hands-on- training	Hands-on-coding test				
	9.	Containers - Sets and Dictionaries	3	K3 & K6	PPT using Microsoft 365	MCQ				
	10.	Controlling the Flow – Boolean Expressions, If Statements	3	K3 & K6	Problem based Learning	Statistical analysis on datasets using Python				
	11.	Controlling the Flow – Conditional Expressions: For Loops, While Loops	3	K3 & K6	Hands-on- training	Hands-on-coding test				
	12.	Break and Continue, Error Handling with Try-Except, Reading and Writing Files	3	K3 & K6	Interactive Method	Questioning				

III	Packag	ing and Reusing Code									
	13.	Functions	3	K4	Flipped Classroom	Create a short video					
	14.	Modules	3	K4	Inductive Learning	Python code construction					
	15.	Comprehensions	2	K4	Interactive	Questioning					
	16.	Generator Expressions and Comments	1	K 4	Brainstorming	Questioning					
IV	Numer	ical Computing									
	17.	Numpy – Array Creation	2	K3 & K6	Visualization and Simulation	Create visualization for Matrix					
	18.	Array Properties	3	K3 & K6	Spiral Learning	Slip Test					
	19.	Array Operations	3	K3 & K6	Scaffolded Learning	Construction of Code					
	20.	Array Indexing and Slicing	2	K3 & K6	Flipped Classroom	Presentation					
	21.	Indexing with Integer Arrays	1	K3 & K6	Video using Zoom	Quiz - Slido					
	22.	Indexing with Boolean Arrays	1	K3 & K6	Video using Zoom	Quiz - Socrative					
V	Differe	ntial Equations									
	23.	First Order Differential Equations	2	K3 & K5	Inquiry based Learning	Coding challenging and competitions					
	24.	Higher Order Linear Equations	2	K3 & K5	Problem based Learning	Code Reviews and Peer Assessment					
	25.	Systems of Equations	2	K3 & K5	Active Learning with Pair Programming	Debugging and Error- identification					

Course Focussing on Employability/ Entrepreneurship/ Skill Development: Employability and Skill Development

Activities (SD): Create a code for mathematical problems, Statistical analysis on datasets using Python, Create a short video, Coding challenging and competitions, Debugging and Error-identification

Course Focussing on Cross Cutting Issues (Professional Ethics/ Human Values/Environment Sustainability/ Gender Equity): -

Activities related to Cross Cutting Issues: -

Assignment: Solving first order differential equations, Systems of Equations

Sample questions (minimum one question from each unit)

Part A

- 1. Which menu bar containing all the functions available in the notebook?
 - (a) Title (b) Menu (c) Tool (d) Cell
- 2. The value of "abcde"[1] is
- 3. True or False: The import statement is used to make the variables and functions in a module available for use.
- 4. Match the following.
 - (i). Return an array of evenly spaced integers within a given interval (a) ones
 - (ii). Return a new array of a given shape and type, filled with ones (b) arrange
 - (iii). Return a new array of a given shape and type, filled with zeros (c) zeros
 - (iv). Return an array of evenly spaced numbers over a specified interval d) linspace
- 5. Differential equations of the form $\frac{dy}{dt} = func(y, t, ...)$ can be solved using

Part B

- 1. What is Markdown. Explain the use of Markdown with an example.
- 2. Write the uses of bool, int, float, complex and str.
- 3. Generate the Python code for a polynomial with degree 5.
- 4. Create a Python code for 3×3 matix.
- 5. Solve the first order differential equation $\frac{dP}{dt} = kP (M P)$ using Python.

Part C

- 1. Explain all the tabs in the Jupiter notebook.
- 2. Explain different types of strings with an example.
- 3. Write the functions of Math Module.
- 4. Explain the properties of Array.
- 5. Solve the systems of equations $\frac{dx}{dt} = x(a py)$ and $\frac{dy}{dt} = y(-b + qx)$ using Python.

Head of the Department [Dr. T. Sheeba Helen] Course Instructor [Dr. A. Anat Jaslin Jini]

Department	: Mathematics
Class	: I M.Sc.
Title of the Course	: Introduction to MS Excel 2007
Semester	: II
Course Code	: MP242SE1

Course Code	T		р	G	Credita	Inst Hours	Total	Marks		
Course Code	L	I	PS	3	5 Creatis	Inst. nours	Hours	CIA	External	Total
MP242SE1	4	-	-	-	3	4	60	25	75	100

Objectives

- 1. To familiarize the students with Excel's basic features.
- 2. To acquire skills for data analysis using MS Excel.

Course outcomes

On th	e successful completion of the course, students will be able to:	
1.	understand the Excel interface including the ribbon, worksheets and cells	K2
2.	enter and format data effectively including text, numbers and formulas	K3& K4
3.	use basic functions like SUM, AVERAGE and COUNT for simple	K3 & K4
	calculations	
4.	manage data effectively through organization, sorting and filtering	K3 & K4
5.	create various chart types including bar charts, line graphs, pie charts,	K4 & K5
	and scatter plots to visually represent data.	

Unit	Module	Торіс	Teaching Hours	Cognitive level	Pedagogy	Assessment/ Evaluation
Ι	Gettin	g Started with Excel 20	07			
	1.	Introduction to Excel 2007 User Interface, Title Bar, Office Button , Quick Access Toolbar ,	3	K2	Context Based	Quiz Questioning in the classroom
	2.	Ribbon, Command Tabs, Contextual Tabs, Command Sets Dialog Box Launchers.	3	K2	Flipped Classroom	Oral presentation
	3.	Mini Toolbar, Live Preview, Key Tips, Super ToolTips, Name Box , Formula Bar , Work Area.	3	К3	Lecture method	MCQ
	4.	Zoom Controls, Creating a New Workbook, Using a Blank Workbook Template, Saving a Workbook.	3	К3	Cooperative Learning	Peer Reviews
	5.	Closing the Current Workbook, Opening an Existing Workbook ,Closing MS Excel.	3	К3	Context based	Online Assignment
Π	Worki	ng with Data and Data	Tables			
	6.Introduction, Enter Data using AutoFi AutoFill a Text Ser Series.		3	K2	Blended Learning	MCQ
	7.	Creating Your Own Custom List, Using Merge & Center, Turning on Text Wrapping.	3	К3	Brainstorming	Group Discussion
	8.	Changing Number Formats, Increasing or Decreasing	3	К3	Experimental learning	Student presentations

Total Contact hours: 60 (Including lectures, assignments and tests)

		Decimals in Numeric Data.									
	Work	ing with Data and Data	Tablas								
III	working with Data and Data Tables										
	9.	Sorting Data, Sorting Data using Some Predefined Criteria, Sorting Data by Defining Custom Sort Criteria.	3	K3	Reflexive thinking	Homework					
	10.	Filtering Data, Linking Data, Adding a Hyperlink, Editing a Hyperlink, Removing a Hyperlink.	3	K3	Context based	Oral test.					
	11.	Creating a Table, Creating a Table from a Blank Cell Range, Creating a Table from an Existing Data Range.	3	K5	Project based	Assignments					
	12.	Editing a Table, Formatting a Table, Sorting a Table, Filtering a Table	3	K4	Experimental Learning	Open-Book Test					
IV	Using	Formulas and Functions	5								
	13.	Introduction, Understanding Formulas, Operators in Excel 2007, Operator Precedence.	3	K2	Lecture method	Quiz					
	14.	Creating a Formula, Editing a Formula, Defining Range Names, Assigning a Range name, Selecting a Range, Editing a range Name.	3	K5	Blended Learning	Class test					
	15.	Referencing Ranges in Formulas, Referencing Cells from Other Worksheets.	3	K3	Integrative teaching	MCQ					
	16.	Using Relative and Absolute Cell	3	K3	Context based	Peer Review					

		References, Understanding Functions, Some Common Excel Functions.				
	17.	Applying a Function, Editing a Function, Calculating Total of Cell Data with AutoSum.	3	K4	Reflexive thinking	Brainstorming
V	Work	ing with Charts				
	18.	Introduction, Creating a chart, Changing the Chart Layout, Changing the Chart Styles.	3	К5	Context based	Surprise test
	19.	Changing the Chart Type, Adding a Chart Title, Adding Axis Titles.	3	К3	Project Based	Preparation of Question Bank by students
	20.	Adding Data Labels, Adding a Legend, Adding Gridlines.	3	K4	Cooperative learning	Seminar Presentations

Course Focusing on Employability/ Entrepreneurship/ Skill Development: Skill Development Activities (SD): Create a chart from real data, Sorting and filtering Relay, Data Entry and formatting challenge.

Assignment: Working with Charts

Sample questions (minimum one question from each unit)

Part A

- 1. What is the Ribbon in Excel 2007?
- 2. What is AutoFill in Excel 2007?
- 3. What is a hyperlink in Excel, and how can it be used?
- 4. What is a cell reference?
- 5. What is a chart in Excel?

Part B

- 1. Explain the functions of the Quick Access Toolbar and the Office Button in Excel 2007.
- 2. Explain how to create a custom list in Excel 2007.
- 3. Explain how to filter data in Excel 2007.
- 4. Differentiate between relative and absolute cell references in Excel 2007.
- 5. Describe the steps to add a title to an Excel chart.

Part C

- 1. Describe the Excel 2007 user interface, highlighting the purpose of elements such as the Title Bar, Ribbon, Formula Bar, and Work Area.
- 2. Discuss various ways to enter and format data in Excel 2007, including using AutoFill, text wrapping, and adjusting number formats.
- 3. Describe the process of creating, formatting, and sorting tables in Excel 2007. Include details on using custom sort criteria and linking data.
- 4. Explain the process of creating formulas and using functions in Excel 2007, with examples of common functions like SUM, AVERAGE, and COUNT.
- 5. Discuss how to create and format charts in Excel 2007. Explain how to customize chart layouts, styles, and add elements like data labels and legends.

Head of the Department Dr. T. Sheeba Helen Course Instructor Dr. T. Sheeba Helen

Department	:	Mathematics
Class	:	II M.Sc Mathematics
Title of the Course	:	Major Core XIII -Functional Analysis
Semester	:	IV
Course Code	:	MP234CC1

Course Code	L	Т	Р	Credits	Inst. Hours	Total Hours		Marks	
						nouis	CIA	External	Total
PM2033	6	-	-	5	6	90	25	75	100

Objectives

- 1. To study the three structure theorems of Functional Analysis and to introduce Hilber Spaces and Operator theory.
- 2. To enable the students to pursue research.

Course outcomes

CO	Upon completion of this course, the students will be able to:	PSO addressed	Cognitive level
CO - 1	Learn and understand the definition of linear space, normed linear space, Banach Space and their examples	PSO - 1	K1(R)
CO - 2	Explain the concept of different properties of Banach Spaces, Hahn Banach theorem	PSO -2	K2(U)
CO - 3	Compare different types of operators and their properties, Natural imbedding	PSO - 2	K3(Ap)
CO - 4	Explain the ideas needed for open mapping theorem, Open Mapping theorem	PSO - 1	K5(C)
CO - 5	Construct the idea of projections, the spectrum of an operator and develop problem solving skills, Matrices, Determinants	PSO - 1	K3(Ap)
CO - 6	Learn and understand the definition of Hilbert Spaces ,Orthogonal Complements	PSO - 4	K1(R)
CO - 7	Explain the concept of the adjoint of an operator, Normal and Unitary operators, Spectral Theory	PSO - 2	K4(An)

Teaching plan

Total Contact hours: 90 (Including lectures, assignments and tests)

Unit	Modu	Торіс	Teaching	Cognitive	Pedagogy	Assessment/			
	le		Hours	level	_ • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	Evaluation			
Ι	Banach spaces								
	1.	Banach spaces	4	K2(U)	Lecture with Illustration	Evaluation through slido, MCQ			
	2.	Definition and examples	2	K1(R)	Blended classroom	Simple definitions, MCQ, Recall steps, Concept definitions			
	3.	Continuous linear transformations	4	K2(U)	Flipped Classroom	Slip Test using Quizziz			
	4.	The Hahn Banach theorem.	5	K4(An)	Integrative method	Evaluation through short test, Seminar			
II	The natural imbedding of N into N**								
	1.	The natural imbedding of N into N**	5	K1(R)	Group Discussion	Questioning			
	2.	The open mapping theorem	5	K2(U)	Integrative method	Evaluation through slido			
	3.	The conjugate of an operator.	5	K4(An)	Peer Instruction	Slip Test using Quizziz			
III	Hilbert	spaces							
	1.	Hilbert spaces	4	K1(R)	Brainstorming	Quiz			
	2.	Definition and properties	4	K3(Ap)	Lecture	Concept Explanation			
	3.	Orthogonal complements - Orthonormal sets	4	K3(Ap)	Lecture Discussion	Slip Test			
	4.	The conjugate space	3	K5(C)	Lecture	Evaluation through quiz test using quizziz			
IV	Adjoin	t of an operator							

	1.	Adjoint of an operator, self adjoint operators	3	K2(U)	Lecture, Introductory session	Evaluation through quiz test using quizziz, Seminar, MCQ, Recall steps
	2.	Normal and unitary operators	3	K1(R)	Group Discussion	Questioning
	3.	Projections	3	K3(Ap)	Lecture with Illustration	Evaluation through slido, MCQ
	4.	Spectral theory - Spectrum of an operator	3	K4(An)	Blended classroom	Simple definitions, MCQ, Recall steps, Concept definitions
	5.	The spectral theorem	3	K2(U)	Flipped Classroom	Slip Test using Quizziz
V	Banacl	n Algebras				
	1.	Banach Algebras: The definition and some examples	3	K2(U)	Seminar Presentation	MCQ
	2.	Regular and singular elements	3	K2(U)	Seminar Presentation	Concept explanations
	3.	Topological divisors of zero	2	K4(An)	Seminar Presentation	Evaluation through slido
	4.	The spectrum	3	K4(An)	Seminar Presentation	Questioning
	5.	The formula for the spectral radius	4	K3(Ap)	Seminar Presentation	Slip Test

Course Focussing on Skill Development

Activities (Em/ En/SD): Evaluation through model making Competition

Assignment : Orthonormal sets (PPT)

Seminar Topic: Adjoint of an operator

Sample questions

Part A

1. Let x, y be elements of a Hilbert space *H*, such that ||x|| = 3, ||y|| = 4and ||x+y|| = 7. Then ||x-y|| equals:

(a) 1 (b) 2 (c) 3 (d) $\sqrt{2}$

2. Choose the correct answer for the following norm $||T^*T|| =$

(a) $||T^*|| ||T|| (b) ||T||^2$ (c) $||T^*||^2$ (d) $||T^2||$.

- 3. The weak * topology is weaker than thetopology.
- 4. Say True or False

The Hilbert cube is compact as a subspace of l_2

5. $(T_1 T_2)^* = \dots$

Part B

- 1. State and prove Holder's inequality.
- 2. State and prove the Closed theorem.
- 3. State and prove the Schwartz inequality.
- 4. Show that a closed linear subspace M of H is invariant under an operator $T \Leftrightarrow M^{\perp}$ is invariant under T*.
- 5. Show that if T is normal then each M_i reduces T.

Part C

1. State and prove the Hahn Banach Theorem.

2. Show that a closed convex subset C of a Hilbert space H contains a unique vector of smallest norm.

- 3. State and prove the open mapping theorem.
- 4. If T is an operator on H for which $\langle Tx, x \rangle = 0$. For all x, prove that T = 0.
- 5. State and prove the spectral theorem.

Head of the Department

Course Instructor

Dr. T. Sheeba Helen

Dr. A. Jancy Vini

Teaching Plan

Department: Mathematics

Class: II M.Sc. Mathematics

Title of the Course: Core course XI: Probability Theory Semester: III

Course Code: MP234CC2

Course	L	Т	Р	Credits	Inst. Hours	Total Hours	Marks		
Code							CIA	External	Total
MP234CC2	6	-	-	5	6	90	25	75	100

Learning Objectives:

- To upgrade the knowledge of Probability theory
 To solve NET /SET related Probability theory problems

Course Outcomes						
On the s	On the successful completion of the course, students will be able to:					
1	recall the basic probability axioms, conditional probability, random	K1				
	variables, and related concepts					
2	define Special Mathematical Expectations, The Binomial Distribution,	K2				
	and The Poisson Distribution.					
3	define The Exponential, Gamma, and Chi-square Distributions, The	K2				
	Normal Distribution.					
4	study Bivariate Distributions of discrete, and continuous types, The	K5				
	correlation coefficient, Conditional Distribution, and The Bivariate					
	Normal Distribution.					
5	discuss Functions of one random variable, Transformations of two random	K3, K4				
	variables, The central limit Theorem, Chebyshve's inequality, and					
	convergence in probability, Limiting moment-generating functions.					

			Teaching	Cognitive		Assessment/	
Unit	Module	Торіс	Hours	level	Pedagogy	Evaluation	
			nours			L'valuation	
Ι	Probability						
	1.	Properties of Probability	4	K1, K2	Recall the	Questioning	
				,	basic		
					definitions		
	2.	Methods of enumeration	4	K4, K5	Lecture with	Summarize	
					illustration	the concepts	
	3.	Conditional Probability	5	K2, K5	Illustrative	Questioning	
					Method		
	4.	Independence Events, Baye's	5	K2, K5	Interactive	Question	
		Theorem			teaching	and answer	
II		Discr	ete Distribu	utions			
	1	Random Variables of the	6	K 1	Flipped	Questioning	
	1.	Discrete Type	0	IX1	classroom	Questioning	
			6	1/2	D	01: / /	
	2.	Mathematical Expectation,	6	K2	Discussion	Slip test	
		Expectation					
	3.	The Binomial Distribution, The	6	K2	Inquiry based	Q & A	
		Poisson Distribution			teaching		
III		Contin	uous Distri	butions			
	1.	Random variables of continuous type	6	K2	Lecture	Short test	
	2.	The Exponential, Gamma, and	6	K3, K4	Flipped	Problem-	
		Chi-square Distributions			Classroom	solving	
	3.	The Normal Distribution	6	K3, K4	Brainstorming	Short test	
IV		Bivar	iate Distrib	utions	ı	<u>.</u>	
	1.	Bivariate Distributions of	3	K1 & K2	Collaborative	Ouiz	
		discrete type			group work		
	2	The correlation coefficient	2	V 2	Looturo	True/Felce	
	۷.	The correlation coefficient	5	КJ	Lecture	True/raise	

Total contact hours: 90 (Including instruction hours, assignments, and tests)

	3.	The Conditional Distribution	4	K2	Lecture	Concept Explanation
	4.	Bivariate Distributions of continuous type	4	K3, K4	Lecture with chalk and talk	Slip Test
	5.	Bivariate Normal Distribution	4	K2, K4	Lecture Discussion	Q& A
V		Distributions of fu	inctions of	Random vari	ables	
	1.	Functions of one random variable	3	K2	Seminar Presentation	Explain
	2.	Transformations of two random variable, Several random variables	5	K2, K4	Lecture with Comparative Analysis	Concept explanations
	3.	The central limit Theorem, Chebyshve's inequality and convergence in probability	6	K3, K4	Lecture with illustration	Questioning
	4.	Limiting moment generating functions	4	K2	Seminar Presentation	Recall steps

Course Focussing on Employability/ Entrepreneurship/ Skill Development: Skill Development

Activities (Em/ En/SD): Problem-solving, Seminar Presentation, Group Discussion

Course Focussing on Cross Cutting Issues (Professional Ethics/ Human Values/Environment Sustainability/ Gender Equity): -

Activities related to Cross Cutting Issues: -

Assignment: Solving Exercise Problems

Seminar Topic: Transformations of two random variable, Several random variables and Limiting moment generating functions

Sample questions

Part A

1. If two events A and B are independent, which of the following is true?

a) $P(A \cap B) = P(A) + P(B)$ b) $P(A \cap B) = P(A) * P(B)$ c) P(A | B) = 0d) $P(A \cup B) = P(A) * P(B)$

2. Which of the following describes a discrete random variable?

a) Temperature measurements	b) Height of individuals
c) Number of students in a class	d) Time taken to complete a task

3. For a binomial distribution, if n = 10 and p = 0.5, what is the expected value?

a) 2.5 b) 5 c) 10 d) 15

4. Define the moment-generating function.

5. The central limit theorem states that the distribution of sample means approaches a normal distribution as:

a) Sample size decreases	b) Variance increases
c) Sample size increases	d) Mean decreases

Part B

1. Calculate $P(A \cup B)$ if P(A) = 0.4, P(B) = 0.5, and $P(A \cap B) = 0.2$.

2. If P(A) = 0.5 and P(B|A) = 0.7, find $P(A \cap B)$.

3. Using the multiplication rule, find the probability of drawing two consecutive hearts from a deck without replacement.

4. Calculate the variance of the binomial distribution with n = 10 and p = 0.5.

5. Given a normal distribution with mean 10 and variance 4, find the probability that a randomly selected value is less than 12.

Part C

1. State and prove Baye's theorem.

2. Explain Chebyshev's Inequality and solve a related problem to demonstrate its use in probability.

3. Solve: A survey shows that 60% of people like coffee, 50% like tea, and 30% like both. What is the probability that a randomly selected person likes either coffee or tea?

4. Solve: For a random variable X with P(X = 1) = 0.2, P(X = 2) = 0.5, and P(X = 3) = 0.3, calculate E(X) and Var(X).

5. State and prove the central limit theorem

Head of the Department

Course Instructor Dr. J. Befija Minnie

Dr. T. Sheeba Helen

TEACHING PLAN

Department: Mathematics

Class: II M. Sc Mathematics

Title of the Course: Core Course XII: Numerical Analysis

Semester: IV

Course Code: MP234CC3

Course Code	L	Т	Р	S	Credits	Inst.	Total Hours		Marks	
						Hours		CIA	External	Total
MP234CC3	5	-	-	-	5	6	90	25	75	100

Learning Objectives:

- 1. Understand fundamental numerical analysis techniques and their applications.
- 2. Develop proficiency in implementing numerical algorithms using computational tools.

CO	Upon completion of this course the students	PSO	СТ
CO	will be able to:	addressed	CL
CO - 1	recall and list basic numerical methods covered in the course,	PSO - 1	K1(R)
	including root-finding algorithms and interpolation techniques.		
CO - 2	understand the principles behind key numerical algorithms such as	PSO - 2	$K_2(U)$
	Newton's method, Gaussian elimination, and Runge-Kutta methods.		
CO - 3	apply numerical methods to solve algebraic equations, interpolate	PSO - 3	K ₃ (Ap)
	data points, fit curves to data sets, and solve systems of linear		
	equations.		
CO - 4	analyse the accuracy, convergence, and stability of numerical	PSO - 3	K ₄ (An)
	solutions obtained using different techniques.		
CO - 5	evaluate the suitability and effectiveness of various numerical	PSO - 2	K5(E)
	methods for specific mathematical problems based on computational		
	efficiency and solution quality.		

Course Outcome

Teaching plan

Total Contact hours: 90 (Including lectures, assignments, and tests)

Unit	Module	Торіс	Teach ing Hours	Cogniti ve level	Pedagogy	Assessment/ Evaluation
Ι	1.	Solution of Algebraic and Transcendental Equations - Introduction –Iteration Method	5	K ₂ (U)	Introductory session, Group Discussion. PPT.	Evaluation through short test, MCQ, True/False.
	2.	Newton-Raphson Method- Ramanujan's Method	5	K ₃ (Ap)	Transmissive method using Chalk and talk, Problem- solving, Group Discussion.	Simple definitions, Recall steps,
	3.	Secant Method - Muller's Method.	5	K ₃ (Ap)	Transmissive method using Chalk and talk, Problem- solving, Group Discussion.	solve problems, and explain
II	1.	Differences of a polynomial - Newton's formulae for Interpolation - Central Difference Interpolation formulae	5	K ₁ (R)	Problem-solving, Demonstration.	MCQ, True/False.
	2.	Gauss's central difference formulae - Stirling's formula - Bessel's formula	5	K ₂ (U)	Problem-solving, Group Peer tutoring.	Evaluation through short tests.
	3.	Everett's formula - Relation between Bessel's and Everett's formulae - Practical Interpolation.	5	K ₃ (Ap)	Transmissive method using videos, Problem-solving.	Presentations
III	1.	Least squares and Fourier Transforms - Introduction - Least squares Curve Fitting	5	K ₂ (U)	Transmissive method using videos.	Evaluation through short tests.
	2.	Procedure Fitting a straight line - Multiple Linear Least squares	5	K ₂ (U)	Introductory session, Group Discussion.	MCQ, True/False.
	3.	Linearization of Nonlinear laws - Curve fitting by Polynomials.	5	K ₄ (An)	PPT, Review.	Evaluation through short tests, Seminar.

IV	1.	Numerical Linear Algebra - Introduction - Triangular Matrices - LU Decomposition of a matrix -	3	K ₁ (R)	Peer tutoring, Transmissive method using videos.	Evaluation through short tests.
	2.	Solution of Linear systems - Direct Methods - Gauss elimination	4	K ₂ (U)	Transmissive method using Chalk and talk, Problem- solving.	Concept definitions
	3.	Necessity for Pivoting - Gauss - Jordan method - Modification of the Gauss method to compute the inverse	4	K ₃ (Ap)	Problem-solving, Group Discussion.	MCQ, True/False.
	4.	LU Decomposition method - Solution of Linear systems - Iterative methods.	4	K4(An)	Transmissive method using Chalk and talk, Problem- solving, Group Discussion.	Concept definitions, Seminar.
V	1.	Numerical Solution of Ordinary Differential Equations - Solution by Taylor's series	5	K ₂ (U)	Peer tutoring, Lectures using videos.	Evaluation through short tests, Seminar.
	2.	Euler's method - Runge - Kutta methods - II order and IV order	5	K ₃ (Ap)	Problem-solving, PPT.	Seminar.
	3.	Numerical Integration – Trapezoidal Rule – Simpson's 1/3– Rule - Simpson's 3/8– Rule.	5	K4(An)	Transmissive method using Chalk and talk, Problem- solving, Group Discussion.	Concept explanations, Seminar.

Course Focussing on Employability/ Entrepreneurship/ Skill Development: (Mention)

Activities (Em/ En/SD): Online Assignments, Open Book Test, and Group Discussions

Course Focussing on Cross Cutting Issues (Professional Ethics/ Human Values/Environment Sustainability/ Gender Equity): (Mention)

Activities related to Cross Cutting Issues:

Assignment: Solution of Algebraic and Transcendental Equations -Introduction; Iteration Method (Online)

Seminar Topic: Differences of a polynomial - Newton's formulae for Interpolation - Central Difference Interpolation formulae.

Sample questions (minimum one question from each unit)

Unit I:

Part A: True or False: Every Polynomial equation of the nth degree has n and only n roots.

Part B: Find a real root of equation $x^3 = 1 - x^2$ on the interval [0, 1] with an accuracy of 10⁻⁴

Part C: Use the Iterative method to find the real root of the equation $\sin x = 10(x-1)$. Correct to three decimal places.

Unit II:

Part A: Everett's formula will be easier to apply, since it uses only the -----order differences.

Part B: Derive the relation between Bessel's formula and Everett's formula.

Part C: Derive Bessel's formula.

Unit III:

Part A: True or False: The given data may not always follow a linear relationship.

Part B: Fit the second-degree parabola $y = a + bx + cx^2$ to the data (x_i, y_i); (1,0.63), (3, 2.05), (4, 4.08), (6, 10.78)

Part C: Explain Linearization of Nonlinear laws with example.

Unit IV:

Part A: Define the norm of a vector.

Part B: Factorize the matrix $A = \begin{pmatrix} -1 & 2 & 3 \\ 3 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 5 & 3 \end{pmatrix}$ in to LU form.

Part C: Derive a LU decomposition of a matrix.

Unit V:

Part A: The Second order Runge - Kutta formula is ------

Part B: Derive Trapezoidal rule.

Part C: Derive Simpson's 3/8 th rule.

Head of the Department: Dr. T. Sheeba Helen

Course Instructor: Mrs. J C Mahizha

Teaching Plan

Department	:	Mathematics
Class	:	II M. Sc Mathematics
Title of the Course	:	ELECTIVE COURSE VI :b) FOUNDATIONS OF
		COMPUTER NETWORKING
Semester	:	IV
Course Code	:	MP234EC2

Course	т	т	р	G	Credita	Inst.	Total	Marks		
Code	L	I	r	3	Creatis	Hours	Hours	CIA	External	Total
MP234EC2	4	-	-	-	3	4	60	25	75	100

Pre-requisite:

- 1. Basic understanding of computer science fundamentals, including data structures and algorithms.
- 2. Basic networking concepts such as IP addressing, routing, and switching.

Learning Objectives:

- 1. To understand the fundamental principles and components of network hardware, reference models, and protocols.
- 2. To analyze and apply various networking concepts such as data link layer design, routing algorithms, congestion control, and transport layer protocols.

Course Outcomes

On the	successful completion of the course, students will be able to:	
1	demonstrate a thorough understanding of network hardware, reference models (such as OSI and TCP/IP), and the architecture of the Public Switched Telephone Network (PSTN).	K2
2	describe the architecture and services of the application layer, analyze protocols such as HTTP for web communication, and understand the principles of streaming media and real-time conferencing over networks.	K2, K4
3	design data link layer protocols, analyze error detection and correction techniques, and implement routing algorithms for efficient data transmission.	K3, K4
4	develop skills in identifying congestion control issues, apply appropriate congestion control algorithms, and implement traffic-aware routing strategies to optimize network performance.	K3, K4
5	demonstrate proficiency in analyzing and implementing transport layer protocols, particularly TCP, including connection establishment, data transfer, and connection release mechanisms.	K4

K2 - Understand; K3 – Apply; K4 - Analyse;

Teaching plan

Total Contact Hours: 60 (Including lectures, assignments and tests)

Unit	Module	Торіс	Teaching Hours	Cognitive level	Pedagogy	Assessment/ Evaluation					
Ι	Introduction – Network Hardware										
		Introduction: Local			Interactive	Class					
	1	Area Networks –	3	K2	Diagrams	Discussions					
		Wide Area Networks.									
		Reference Models:			Concept	Concept Map					
	2	The OSI Reference	2	КЭ	Mapping	Evaluation					
	2	Model – The TCP/IP	5	K 2							
		Reference Model									
		The Physical Layer –			Illustrative	Diagram					
	3	Guided Transmission	3	K2	Method	Labeling Tests					
		Media									
		Magnetic Media –			Case-Based	Case Study					
	4	Twister Pairs – Coaxial Cable – Power Lines – Fiber Optics.	3	K2	Learning	Reports					
II		The Pul	blic Switched	l Telephone N	Network						
		Structure of the			Flipped	Peer					
		Telephone System –			Classroom,	Assessments					
	1	The Local Loop:	3	K3							
		Modems, ADSL and									
		Fiber – Switching.									
		The Data Link Layer:			Demonstration	Class					
	2	Data Link Layer	2	V 4	Method	Discussions					
		Design Issues:	5	N 4							
		Framing									

		Error Detection and			Problem-Based	Group Projects
		Correction: Error-			Learning	
	3	Correcting Codes -	3	K3	C C	
		Error-Detecting Codes				
		Sliding Window			Inductive	Questioning
		Protocols: A One-Bit Sliding Window			Learning	
	4	Protocol – A Protocol	3	K3		
		using Go-Back – A				
		Protocol using				
		Selective Repeat.				
III		The Network	Layer – Net	work Layer	Design Issues	
		Store-and-Forward			Collaborative	Evaluation
	1	Packet Switching	3	K2	Learning	through short
						test
		Routing Algorithms:			Gamification	Gamified
	2	Shortest Path	3	K/	Gammeation	
	2	Algorithm – Distance	5	Λ4		Challenges
	Vector Routing					
		Congestion Control			Interactive	Slip Test
	3	Algorithms: Approaches to	3	K3	Lectures	
		Congestion Control				
		Traffic-Aware	2	WO	Gamification	Quiz
	4	Routing.	3	K3		Competition
TT 7						1
IV		The Tran	sport Layer	– Congestio	on Control	
		Desirable Bandwidth			Interactive	Peer Discussion
	1	Allocation –	3	К3	Method	with questions
	1	Sending Rate –	5	113		-
		Wireless Issues.				
		The Internet Transport			Flipped	Practical Exams
	2	Protocols:Introduction	3	K2	Classroom	
		to TCP – The TCP				
		The TCP Segment			Hands-on	Evaluation
		Header – TCP			L	
	3	Connection	3	K4	Learning	through short
		Establishment – TCP				test
		Connection Release.				

V		The Ap	plication Lay	ver – Electro	nic Mail	
	1	Architecture and Services – The User Agent – Message Formats – Message Transfer – Final Delivery	3	K2	Collaborative Learning	Peer Reviews
	2	The World Wide Web: Architectural Overview – Static Web Pages – Dynamic Web Pages and Web Applications	3	K3	Interactive Learning	Web Development Projects
	3	HTTP-The Hyper Text Transfer Protocol – The Mobile Web – Web Search	3	К3	Blended Learning	Slip Test
	4	Streaming Audio and Video: Digital Audio – Digital Video	3	K4	Flipped Classroom	Presentations
	5	Streaming Stored Media – Streaming Live Media – Real- Time Conferencing.	3	K4	Experiential Learning	Practical Tests, Presentations

Course Focussing on Skill Development.

Activities (Em/ En/SD): Evaluation through short test, Seminar

Assignment: Exploring Networking Technologies: From LANs to the Web and Streaming Media.

Seminar Topic: The Network Layer – Network Layer Design Issues

Sample questions

Part A

- 1. Which layer in the OSI model is responsible for error control and flow control?
 - a) Physical Layer b) Data Link Layer
 - c) Network Layer d) Application Layer
- 2. Which component of the telephone system is known as the "last mile"?
 - a) Modem b) Local loop
 - c) Toll office d) DSLAM
- 3. The shortest path algorithm always chooses the path with the fewest hops between nodes.
- 4. What is the function of the TCP three-way handshake?
 - a) To terminate a connection securely.
 - b) To establish a reliable connection between sender and receiver.
 - c) To ensure all packets are sent in the correct order.
 - d) To check network bandwidth before transmission.
- 5. What is the main purpose of MIME in email?
 - a) To provide a standard format for text-only messages
 - b) To allow multimedia content like images and audio to be sent in emails
 - c) To enable the encryption of email messages
 - d) To allow users to access their email on mobile devices

Part B

- 1. Explain the characteristics of Local Area Networks (LANs) and discuss their typical uses.
- **2.** Explain the difference between circuit switching and packet switching in the telephone network.
- 3. What is the distance vector routing algorithm, and how does it operate?

- 4. Describe the AIMD control law used in TCP for congestion control.
- 5. Describe the architecture of the World Wide Web.

Part C

- Discuss guided transmission media used in computer networks, including twisted pair, coaxial cable, and fiber optics. Describe their characteristics, advantages, and disadvantages.
- 2. Explain ADSL technology and its advantages over traditional dial-up modems.
- **3.** Explain Dijkstra's shortest path algorithm and discuss its application in routing.
- **4.** Describe TCP connection establishment and termination using the three-way handshake and four-way handshake.
- Describe the process of message transfer in an email system using SMTP. Explain how IMAP and POP3 differ from SMTP.

Head of the Department

Course Instructor

Dr. T. Sheeba Helen

Dr. V. Sujin Flower

Department	: Mathematics
Class	: II M.Sc Mathematics
Title of the Course	: Core Course VII - STOCHASTIC PROCESS
Semester	:IV
Course Code	: MP234EC6

Course Code	L	Т	Р	S	Credits	Inst.	Total Hours	Marks		
						Hours	nours	CIA Extern	External	Total
MP234EC6	3	1	-	-	3	4	60	25	75	100

Pre-requisite:

Basic Probability Theory

Learning Objectives:

1.To understand the stochastic models.

2.To relate the models studied to real life probabilistic situations.

Course Outcomes

	On the successful completion of the course, students will be able to:							
1.	recall the basic results of Markov Chains as Graphs- Higher Transition Probabilities	K1						
2.	understand Stability of a Markov System	K2						
3.	apply Generalisations of Poison Process-Poison Process in Higher Dimensions-	К3						
4.	determine Discrete Stat Space-Introduction-Chapman-Kolmogorov Equations	K4						
5.	calculate the possible partitions of a given number and draw Ferrer's graph	К5						

K1 - Remember; K2 - Understand; K3 – Apply; K4 - Analyse; K5 - Evaluate;

Teaching Plan

Total contact hours: 60 (Including instruction hours, assignments and tests)

		Teachin Cognitive level						
Unit	Module	Торіс	g		Pedagogy	Fyaluation		
			Hours			Evaluation		
Ι			Group	S.		<u> </u>		
	1.	An Introduction-Specification of Stochastic Processes-: Communication Relations-	2	K1	Brainstorming	Evaluation through test		
	2.	Definition and Examples- Transition Matrix (or Matrix of Transition Probabilities)- Order of a Markov Chain	3	K1 & K6	Illustrative Method	Q&A		
	3.	Markov Chains as Graphs- Higher Transition Probabilities- Generalisation of Independent Bernoulli Trials	2	K1 & K6	Content based	Open Book Assignment		
	4.	Sequence of Chain-Dependent Trials-Markov-Bernoulli Chain- Correlated Random Walk- Classification of States and Chains-	2	K2 & K6	Chalk and Talk	Quiz		
	5.	Class Property-Classification of Chains-Classification of States: Transient and Persistent(Recurrent) States	2	K2 & K6	Illustrative method	Group Discussion		
	6.	Persistent(Recurrent) States	1	K2 & K6	Content based	Q&A		
II			Sub Gro	ups				
	1.	Determination of Higher Transition Probabilities	2	K1 & K2	Brainstorming	Test		
	2.	Computation of the Equilibrium Probalities-Graph Theoretic Approach	2	K2	Flipped Class	Assignment		

	3.	Markov Chain with Denumerable Number of States-Reducible Chains-Finite Reducible Chains with a Single Closed Class	2	K2	Illustrative Method	Questioning
-	4.	Chain with One Single Class of Persistent Non-null Aperiodic States-Absorbing Markov Chains	2	K2 & K3	Content based	MCQ
-	5.	Aperiodic Chain: Limiting Behaviour-Stability of a Markov SystemExtension: Reducible Chain with one Closed class of Persistent	2	К2	Collaborative learning	Home work
-	6.	Aperiodic States- Further Extension: Reducible Chains with more than one Closed Class	2	K2 & K3	Content Based	Slip Test

III	Normal Subgroups										
	1.	Poisson Process-Introduction	2	K1	Brainstorming	Quiz					
	2.	Postulates for Poisson Process- Properties of Poisson Process	3	K4	Content Based	Slip Test					
	3.	Poisson Process and Related Distributions-Interarrival Time	2	K1	Illustrative Method	Test					
	4.	Further Interesting Properties of Poison Process	3	K4	Chalk and Talk	Questioning					
	5.	Generalisations of Poison Process- Poison Process in Higher Dimensions-Poisson Cluster Process(Compound	2	K2 & K3	Collaborative learning	MCQ					
IV			Ring	S		1					
	1.	Birth and Death Process- Particular Cases Stationary Processes-Second-Order Processes-Stationarity-Gaussian Processes	2	K1	Brainstorming	Quiz					

	2.	Markov Processes with Discrete Stat Space	3	K4	Collaborative learning	Questioning
	3.	Introduction-Chapman- Kolmogorov Equations	2	K2 & K3	Content based	Slip Test
	4.	Limiting Distribution (Erodicity of Homogeneous Markov Process).	2	K2	Illustrative Method	Home Work
	5.	Stationary Processes-Second- Order Processes	2	K1 & K5	Chalk and Talk	Assignment
	6.	Stationarity-Gaussian Processes	1	К3	Flipped Class	Recall Concepts
V			Ideal	S		
	1.	Time Series : Introduction-Purely Random Process.	2	K1	Brainstorming	Open book test
	2.	First Order Markov Process- Moving Average(MA) Process	2	K6	Collaborative learning	Questioning
	3.	Autoregressive Process(AR Process)-Autoregressive Process of Order Two(Yule Process)- Autoregressive Morning Average Process(ARMA Process)	2	K1 & K3	Content based	Slip test
	4.	Process time and Frequency Domain:Power Supremum	2	K3	Flipped Class	Assignment
	5.	Properties of Covariance and Correlation Functions	2	K5	Chalk and Talk	MCQ
	6.	Continuous Parameter Processes- Statistical Analysis of Time Series : Some Observations	2	K4	Blended learning	Concept Explanation

Course Focussing on Employability/ Entrepreneurship/ Skill Development:

Employability.

Activities (Em/ En/SD): Poster Presentation, Model Making (Application of algebraic concept).

Assignment: Solving transition probability Matrix Problems.

Sample questions

Part A(each one mark)

1. What is the term for a sequence of random variables indexed by time?

a) Process b) Time c) Stationary

a)

- 2. What is the distribution type in which the probability of events depends only on their distance in time?
- a) Process b) Time c) Stationary
- 3. ----- describes a process where the future is independent of the past given the present?
- 4. What type of process is described by a finite number of states?

a) Markov Process b) Discrete c) Stationary

5. State True or False

Stationary is essential for predicting the long-run proportion of time spent in each state in a Markov chain

Part B(6 marks each)

- 1. Explain the concept of a Markov Process and give an example.
- 2. What is Brownian Motion? Describe its basic characteristics and importance in stochastic processes.
- **3.** Explain Stationarity in the context of stochastic processes. How does weak stationarity differ from strong stationarity?
- 4. Describe Transition Probabilities in a Markov chain. How do they relate to the behavior of the process?
- 5. Outline the concept of Renewal Process and explain how it applies to real-world situations.

- 1. Derive the Chapman-Kolmogorov equations for a Markov chain and explain their significance in analyzing transitions.
- 2. Discuss the Kolmogorov Forward and Backward equations in continuous-time Markov chains. Provide examples of their applications.
- **3.** Describe the Central Limit Theorem for Stochastic Processes and its applications in financial modeling.
- 4. Define a Gaussian Process. Derive and discuss the properties of a Gaussian process, highlighting its importance in machine learning and prediction.
- 5. Analyze the Birth-Death Process in a queuing system and derive the steady-state probabilities for a simple case.

Head of the Department

Course Instructor

Dr. T. Sheeba Helen

Dr.L.Jesmalar

Teaching Plan

Department	: Mathematics							
Class	: II M. Sc Mathe	: II M. Sc Mathematics						
Title of the Course	Title of the Course : SKILL ENHANCEMENT COURSE III: TRAINING FOR							
COMPETITIVE EXAMINATIONS								
Semester	: IV							
Course Code	: MP234SE1							
Course		Inst.	Total	Marks				

Course	L	L	T.	т	Р	s	Credits	Inst.	Total	Mark	s	
Code		-			creatis	Hours	Hours	CIA	External	Total		
	4	-	-	-	2	4	60	25	75	100		
MP234SE1												

Pre-requisite:

Strong foundation in algebraic fundamentals, basic number theory, and familiarity with sets and set operations.

Learning Objectives:

- 1. To solve problems needed for various competitive examinations.
- 2.To develop a comprehensive understanding of algebraic principles enabling

proficient problem-solving in various Mathematical contexts.

On the s	On the successful completion of the course, students will be able to:						
1.	describe the concepts of topological properties of metric spaces.	K1					
2.	associate the concept of continuity and connectedness	K2					
3.	apply Cauchy's integral formula and Maximum modulus principle to evaluate integral	К3					
4.	outline Liouville's theorem and open mapping theorem	K4					
5.	built the mental ability to face GATE, CSIR and SET examinations	K5					

Course Outcomes

K1 - Remember; K2 - Understand; K3 – Apply; K4 - Analyse; K5 - Evaluate

Teaching plan

Unit	Modulo	Tonic	Teaching	Cognitive	Podegogy	Assessment/
Omt	Wiodule	Торіс	Hours	level	Teuagogy	Evaluation
Ι						
				1	-	
	1	Introduction – Metric	3	K1	Lecture	Conceptual
		Spaces			Introduction	quizzes
	2	Problems in metric	3	K2	Peer Teaching	Group Activity
		spaces				
	3	Problems in	3	К2	Problem	Assignment
	0	Convergence	C		Solving	
		Problems in			Collaborative	Short Test
	4	Completeness	3	K3	Learning	
II						
		Problems in			Flipped	Peer
	1	connectedness	4	K3	Classroom,	Assessments
					Demonstration	Class
	2	Problems in continuity	4	K4	Method	Discussions
		Problems in totally			Problem-Based	Group Projects
	3	bounded	4	K3	Learning	1 5
III						
					Interactive	Evaluation
	1	Problems in algebra of	2	K2	Lectures	through short
		complex numbers				test
		Problems in complex			Hands-on	Worksheets
	2	plane	2	K4	Exercises	
		Problems in			Interactive	Slip Test
	3	polynomials, Power	2	K3	Lectures	-
		Series				

Total Contact Hours: 60 (Including lectures, assignments and tests)

		Problems in			Think-Pair-	Quiz
		transcendental			Share	Competition
		functions such as		W2		
	4	exponential	2	K3		
		trigonometric and				
		hyperbolic functions				
	5	Problems in Analytic	2	V2	Inquiry-Based	Assignment
	5	Functions	2	K3	Learning	
		Drohlang in Couchy			Example-	Short Test
	6	Problems in Cauchy –	2	K4	Based	
		Riemann equations			Learning	
IV			I	I		1
- ·						
	1	Problems in contour	2	K3	Interactive	Peer Discussion
		integral		_	Method	with questions
		Problems in Cauchy			Flipped	Group Activity
	2	theorem, Cauchy's	3	К2	Classroom	
	2	integral formula,				
		Liouville's theorem				
		Problems in			Hands-on	Evaluation
	3	Maximum modulus	3	K4	Learning	through short
		principle				test
	4	Problems in Schwarz	2	V2	Inquiry-Based	Worksheet
	4	lemma	2	КJ	Learning	
	5	Problems in open	2	V A	Peer Teaching	Group Activity
	5	mapping Theorem	2	N 4		
V			1	1		
	1	Problems in Taylors	2	VO	Collaborative	Peer Reviews
		Series	5	K2	Learning	
	2	Problems in Laurents	2	V 2	step-by-Step	Interactive
	2	Series	Δ	кJ	Learning	discussions
L						

	3	Problems in calculus	2	К3	Blended	Slip Test
		of residues	-		Learning	
4		Problems in	3	K4	Flipped	Presentations
	т	Conformal mappings	5		Classroom	
		Problems in Mobius			Problem-	Practical Tests,
	5	transformations	2	K4	Centric	Presentations
					Approach	

Course Focussing on Skill Development.

Activities (Em/ En/SD): Group presentations, Group discussions

Assignment: Find the Taylor and Laurent series expansions for given functions.

Seminar Topic: The Network Layer – Network Layer Design Issues

Sample questions

Part A

1. A: Every convergent sequence is a Cauchy sequence.

B: Every Cauchy sequence is a convergent sequence.

- a) A and B are false b) A is true
- c) B is true d) A and B both true
- 2. In a totally bounded metric space, which of the following statements is true?
 - A) Every sequence converges
 - B) Every sequence has a Cauchy subsequence
 - C) Every sequence has a convergent subsequence
 - D) The space is always complete
- 3. Which of the following is a root of the polynomial $z^2 + 1 = 0$?

a) 1 b) -1 c) i d) 0

- 4. Which of the following is a direct consequence of Liouville's Theorem?
 - a) A bounded entire function must be constant
 - b) A function with no singularities in the complex plane must be constant
 - c) A function analytic in a compact set must be constant
 - d) A function that maps the unit disk to itself must be constant
- 5. Which of the following properties is true for a conformal mapping?
 - a) It preserves angles but not shapes

- b) It preserves both angles and shapes
- c) It preserves shapes but not angles
- d) It maps circles to circles only

Part B

- 1. Show that the sequence $x_n = 1/n$ is a Cauchy sequence in \mathbb{R} with the usual metric.
- Prove that the set S = {x ∈ ℝ : 0 ≤ x ≤ 1} is totally bounded with respect to the usual metric on ℝ.
- **3.** Show that $f(z)=z^2+iz$ satisfies the Cauchy-Riemann equations.
- 4. Apply Cauchy's Integral Formula to find the value of f(a) for the function $f(z) = 1/(z^2 + 1)$ inside a contour C enclosing z = i.
- 5. Find the Laurent series for f(z)=1/(z(z-1)) about z=0.

Part C

1. i) Explain why the sequence $x_n = (1/n, 0)$ is Cauchy and converges to (0,0) in \mathbb{R}^2 .

ii) Show that [0,1] is a connected subset of R.

- **2.** Let $f(x) = x^3$ on \mathbb{R} . Prove that f is continuous on \mathbb{R} .
- 3. Show that the roots of $z^{3}-1 = 0$ are equally spaced on the unit circle in the complex plane.
- 4. Find the residue of $f(z) = e^{z} / (z^{2}+1)$ at z = i.
- 5. Find the Taylor series expansion of $f(z) = e^{z}$ around z = 0 and determine its radius of convergence..

Head of the Department

Course Instructors

Dr. T. Sheeba Helen

Dr. V. Sujin Flower & Sr. S. Antin Mary